# Cabinet



Date of meeting:	13 January 2025
Title of Report:	Children's Services Update
Lead Member:	Councillor Jemima Laing (Deputy Leader, and Cabinet Member for Children's Social Care, Culture and Communications)
Lead Strategic Director:	David Haley (Director for Childrens Services)
Author:	Vivien Lines, Children's Transformation Team
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Your Reference:	
Key Decision:	No
Confidentiality:	Part I - Official

#### **Purpose of Report**

This report provides the fifth monthly update on and response to the Quarter I Financial Monitoring Cabinet Report presented in August 2024. The Quarter I Monitoring Report identified a budget variation of £4.692m forecast overspend related to placement costs of children in Plymouth's care. A first children's services update was provided to September Cabinet as recommended in the Quarter I monitoring report and this report provides a further update and response to that position.

#### Recommendations

For Cabinet to note the report.

#### Relevance to the Corporate Plan and/or the Plymouth Plan

Keeping children, adults and communities in Plymouth safe.

#### Implications for the Medium Term Financial Plan and Resource Implications:

The report relates to MTFP commitments for the cost of care for children in our care.

#### **Financial Risks**

There are significant financial risks to the Council from pressures in this area as set out in the paper.

#### **Carbon Footprint (Environmental) Implications:**

None

#### Other Implications: e.g. Health and Safety, Risk Management, Child Poverty:

\* When considering these proposals members have a responsibility to ensure they give due regard to the Council's duty to promote equality of opportunity, eliminate unlawful discrimination and promote good relations between people who share protected characteristics under the Equalities Act and those who do not.

The paper addresses risks to the organisation.

#### Appendices

\*Add rows as required to box below

#### PLYMOUTH CITY COUNCIL

Ref.	Title of Appendix	<b>Exemption Paragraph Number</b> (if applicable) If some/all of the information is confidential, you must indicate why it is not for publication by virtue of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 by ticking the relevant box.						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Α	Briefing report title							

# **Background papers:**

\*Add rows as required to box below

Please list all unpublished, background papers relevant to the decision in the table below. Background papers are <u>unpublished</u> works, relied on to a material extent in preparing the report, which disclose facts or matters on which the report or an important part of the work is based.

Title of any background paper(s)	<b>Exemption Paragraph Number</b> (if applicable) If some/all of the information is confidential, you must indicate why it is not for publication by virtue of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 by ticking the relevant box.						
	I	2	3	4	5	6	7

# Sign off:

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Originating Senior Leadership Team member: David Haley (Director for Children's Services)								

Please confirm the Strategic Director(s) has agreed the report? Yes

Date agreed: 08/01/2025

Cabinet Member approval: Councillor Jemima Laing (Deputy Leader, and Cabinet Member for Children's Social Care, Culture and Communications

Date.10 January 2025

# I. Background and context

- 1.1 The approved Council budget for Children, Young People and Families in 2024/25 is £59.975m of which £36.725m is allocated to the placement costs for Children in the Care of Plymouth Local Authority. At the end of November 2024, the predicted forecast spend on placements is £42.255m (a variance of £5.530m). This is a deterioration of £1.076m since the previous month.
- 1.2 526 children were in the care of the Local Authority at the end of November an increase from 518 at the end of October reversing a general downward trend in numbers over the previous six months (from 530 in May 2024). The increase is as a result of both more children coming into care and fewer children leaving care in the month. 19 children came into care during November and 11 left care.
- 1.3 The places where children live, and their costs, are set out in the chart below.

Type of Placement	Estimated Numbers	Existing Budget £m	Month 7 Forecast £m		Numbers	Month 8 Forecast £m	Variance to Month 7 £m	Variance to Budget £m
External Residential	50	15.248	17.871		64	18.650	0.779	3.402
Unregistered	6	3.387	5.806		7	6.043	0.237	2.656
External Fostering	158	9.251	8.880	•	154	8.88	0.000	-0.371
In-House Foster Care	126	2.855	2.855		134	2.855	0.000	0.000
In-House Connected Carers	42	0.952	0.952	0	50	0.952	0.000	0.000
External Supported Living	41	3.758	3.540		49	3.600	0.061	-0.158
Other Placement Settings - Children in Care	65	1.274	1.274		68	1.274	0.000	0.000
TOTAL	488	36.725	41.178		526	42.255	1.076	5.530

- 1.4 A key reason for the deterioration in forecast budget position continues to be that we experience challenges finding fostering placements for children when they first come into care as well as for those children in residential settings who are identified as being ready to move onto a family setting and where family finding is actively progressing. As a result, children are placed in high-cost residential placements whilst we continue to search for foster families and as a result of a lack of supply of residential placements, some children are placed in unregistered arrangements as suitable residential placements cannot be identified.
- 1.5 The financial pressure is from an increase in the number of children in unregistered arrangements and an increase in the proportion of children in care who are looked after in high-cost residential placements.
- 1.6 At the end of November there were 7 cared for young people in unregistered arrangements. Unregistered Placements can cost on average  $\pounds 12,000-\pounds 16,000$  per child a week, although in some cases have cost over  $\pounds 29k$  per child p/week. Our current forecast spend for unregistered placements is  $\pounds 6.043m$ , a deterioration of  $\pounds 0.237m$  as a result of an additional child requiring a placement of this kind this month.
- 1.7 As of 2<sup>nd</sup> January 2025 there are four children in unregistered settings. Two are in provision which is registered with CQC (but not Ofsted) and there are no plans to move them from this provision.

Two children have plans in place to move into registered provision this month. One of these will move to a lower cost provision but the other registered provision will be an increased weekly cost.

- 1.8 During November, the number of children in residential settings increased to 64 and a small group moved to higher cost placements during the month due to an increase in their needs, leading to an increase in the forecast position from  $\pounds$ 4.454m to  $\pounds$ 5.530 (a deterioration of  $\pounds$ 1.076m).
- 1.9 During November, Panel decision making led to a cost avoidance of £918k, where alternatives to care were identified and agreed for several children who were on the edge of coming into care.

## 2. Learning from Quality Assurance

- 2.1 Each month a review is undertaken of the children whose placement moves have impacted negatively on the placement budget and the findings for these children are that;
  - Families are not yet always receiving early help support to prevent their problems from escalating.
  - Social work involvement can be characterised by repeated assessments without effective intervention to achieve change for the family.
  - Assessments do not always fully consider families histories and previous concerns.
  - Physical abuse, neglect and domestic abuse are the main concerns experienced by the children.
  - Most children have been known for a significant period prior to coming into care and when they come into care their needs can be complex such that they find it hard to attach to replacement carers leading to placement instability.
- 2.2 To improve practice in these areas, in line with the strategic priorities in our three-year transformation plan, over the last 12 months we have moved more of our Targeted Help teams to deliver Early Help and preventative interventions to ensure that we can reach children and families at the earliest opportunity, provide intensive support packages and reduce the need for statutory intervention. This includes through closer alignment with MASH and the Initial Response Teams. As a result, we are already seeing an increase in the number of families receiving targeted help and a reduction in the number of families receiving a statutory intervention and audit work confirms that decisions and support provided is appropriate and is preventing need from escalating and reduce the impact of cumulative harm on children over time, minimising the likelihood of a need for high-cost residential placement in the future. Between April 2024 and October 2024, the number of referrals received by statutory social work service reduced from 305 to 215 and at the same time the number of children receiving a targeted help intervention increased from 184 to 269.
- 2.3 Service redesign and practice improvements are leading to more assertive and earlier decisions for children where statutory help is needed reducing the stop start interventions with families that have been the experience for too many families, including the children in this audit sample.
- 2.4 Increasing our capacity to provide support earlier will not have an immediate impact for those children that have already suffered from repeated patterns of harm, and we will continue to work with these children and their families to mitigate this harm.
- 2.5 Audits evidence that our social work practice is improving, assessments are more robust and social workers and team managers are making better and more confident decisions for children at risk of significant harm in a timelier way.
- 2.6 Specific improvements include;
  - Development of our family hubs and the offer from our children's centres to better meet need in local communities.
  - Development of a strengthened early help offer with partners, including through emerging pilots in targeted areas of Plymouth.
  - Implementation of an integrated Front Door to ensure more families get the right help when their problems are first identified.

- The Targeted Help Teams have been implemented within our strengthened front door alongside our MASH and Initial Response Teams to provide intensive and focused support to families at the earliest opportunity.
- Simplifying the pathways between Early Help, Targeted Help and Statutory Support to ensure families are better supported when statutory teams no longer need to be involved and ensure that change is sustained.
- Strengthening our partnership workforce development programme for Domestic Abuse and assessment and care planning with all social workers and managers attending refreshed training covering the fundamental expectations of practice in these areas.
- Implementing the tools developed by our Plymouth Safeguarding Children Partnership to improve partnership approaches to child sexual abuse, neglect, domestic abuse and adolescent exploitation.
- Providing training to social workers on holding Family Network Meetings and ensuring these are held with all families they work with at an early point to ensure that family and community resources are maximised in the support plan that is developed for a family and to sustain change when practitioners are no longer involved.
- Delivery of a Leadership and Management Development Programme setting expectations of managers regarding the quality and oversight of practice, and to develop their performance management and financial skills.
- Strengthened senior management oversight to ensure that children come into care in planned way and where there is a risk of high-cost decisions through weekly panels for children who are at risk of care, at risk of moving into high-cost placement and of those children with plans to step down from residential.
- Delivery of the Family Homes for Plymouth Children Programme which is ensuring have access to the right family placement in line with their assessed needs from when they first come into care and to ensure that residential provision is only used when it is needed and is high quality, value for money and close to Plymouth.
- 2.7 The focus continues to be on ensuring that families are provided with the right help when difficulties first emerge, to intervene in a timely and effective way when problems become more complex and to ensure the right placement, stable care and active care planning for children and young people when they do need to be in our care. Investment in early help and prevention to meet family need when it first emerges, in particular reaching families where there is a risk of domestic abuse and child neglect, would impact positively on spend on children's placements.

# 3. The Family Homes for Plymouth Children Transformation Programme

- 3.1 The learning from the experiences of these children has informed the priorities of our programme of work to ensure more children in care are in family homes in Plymouth and all children have access to the right placement, in line with their needs, from when they first come into care.
- 3.2 A lack of suitably skilled and experienced foster carers for these children, to provide them with stability and rebuild attachments from when they first come into care, has led to children experiencing a number of moves, including into high cost and unregistered settings.
- 3.3 The lack of suitable family placements is leading to some children experiencing residential placements when a family setting is the desired plan for them, and to children remaining in residential settings for longer than they need. In addition, the pressure on the placements system is leading to some children being placed in very high-cost unregistered settings. This is a national issue.
- 3.4 64 (12.1%) children in care are currently placed in residential settings. This includes some very young children who would usually be in foster care but where foster placements are not available due to a lack of national sufficiency. 21 children in residential placements are currently identified as ready to move into a fostering setting but despite local and national searches no suitable foster carers can be identified for these children at this time. These children are reviewed twice weekly to ensure all actions to identify a family placement are being progressed.

3.5 Despite continuous searching, the fostering market remains highly challenging. Children transitioning from residential care are likely to need experienced, specialist foster carers and there is a limited number of this calibre of carers available in Plymouth and across the country. We are currently progressing plans for five children to step down from residential care to fostering, four to Foster for Plymouth foster carers and one to an Independent Fostering Agency carer. There are several other children where moves were scheduled to be achieved this year to achieve savings, and foster placements have not yet been identified.

# Foster for Plymouth Growth

- 3.6 Focused work is taking place to improve recruitment and promote the enhanced offer that has been agreed for Foster for Plymouth foster carers. Our first Mockingbird constellation, a model where foster carers support each other to meet the needs of children in care placed with them, was launched on 1<sup>st</sup> November and plans are in place for a second Mockingbird during 2025-26.
- 3.7 Foster for Plymouth is currently introducing a High Support fostering programme for carers taking children who would otherwise be placed in residential care, which attracts an enhanced level of support and enhanced financial remuneration. In addition, Foster for Plymouth are also currently introducing an Emergency Fostering offer, providing foster carers who will offer very short-term placements for children coming into care in an unplanned way following which children will be returned home, to an alternative family member or move to a suitable longer-term placement if this is needed.
- 3.8 A foster carer retention model is being implemented, with payments linked to successful years' fostering for Plymouth, and proposals are also being progressed to enhance access to capital grants to increase carers' capacity to foster, the support and social committee offer, consulting with carers about what would make a difference to them.
- 3.9 Our Special Guardianship Support team is developing proposals to protect carers allowances, to encourage them to become Special Guardianship carers, whilst this would not reduce spend it would enable a child to leave care which is a better option for the child and reduces the associate costs including social worker and Independent Reviewing Officer time.

# 4. Market development

- 4.1 As a result of a shortage of residential placements locally and the high cost of residential placements nationally, Plymouth City Council is progressing plans to become a direct provider of residential care for children in three areas;
  - Development of residential overnight short breaks for children with complex health needs and disabilities as part of a wider support offer to families.
  - Residential provision for children in care.
  - Residential care for children with very complex emotional and behavioural needs to be developed in partnership with the ICB.

# Residential short breaks for disabled children

- 4.2 A feasibility study is being undertaken to considered utilising an existing Plymouth City Council building which, with significant refurbishment, could potentially be suitable for this development. This provision would be designed to;
  - Provide overnight short breaks for children with complex health and disability needs following an assessment to identify eligibility and determine a resource allocation.
  - Enable the development of a 'hub' for partners working with children with complex health needs to become co-located and integrated in Plymouth.
  - Provide support to families including through family support, outreach and activity-based care in the community, in combination with a short break residential offer, to stabilise children's placement at home.

- Prevent some children coming into longer term residential care as a result of not having a suitable short break or having the early intervention and family support that could be achieved with a more varied offer of combined outreach support and residential breaks.
- Improve care planning and outcomes for children and young people including preparation for and transition to adulthood.

## **Residential Children's Homes**

- 4.3 Like many Local Authorities nationally, PCC has become reliant on the independent sector for a significant volume of fostering and residential provision for children in the care of the Local Authority. At the same time, the independent sector has demonstrated that it is not able to provide sufficient high-quality and value for money placements to meet the needs of our young people.
- 4.4 £2m capital, funded by service borrowing, has been agreed to purchase two four-bedroom homes with annexes to establish two three bedded children's homes in Plymouth. The service borrowing costs will be factored into future year's placement budgets, in line with rates provided by our Capital Finance Team. These costs will be offset be the financial benefits realised from this proposal.
- 4.5 An offer has been accepted on the first house and work is progressing to complete the purchase and refurbishment required to enable the home to open as early as possible within 2025/26 subject to the recruitment of the Registered Manager and staff team, which will commence early in 2025/26, as well as registration with Ofsted which currently represents a key risk to the timeline.
- 4.6 A successful workshop was held with health partners on the 20<sup>th</sup> December to inform the development of a bid to the DfE Capital scheme to establish highly specialised residential provision for children with complex emotional and behavioural needs.

## 5. Conclusions

The children's fostering and residential markets remain extremely challenging with a lack of sufficiency driving some children into very high cost residential and unregulated arrangements. The evolving nature of children's needs and predicting the specific timing and requirements for their placement in our care remains a challenge. The development of our in house Foster for Plymouth service and the development of in house residential provision for children are key developments as part of an overall approach to support more children to live in families close to Plymouth.